Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

At

- 1. (Original) A subscriber telephone system comprising:
- a first driver circuit coupled to a tip terminal;
- a second driver circuit coupled to a ring terminal;
- a network coupled between the second driver circuit and the ring terminal, the network including a capacitor and a diode limiter coupled in parallel between an output of the second driver circuit and the ring terminal, and structured to minimize the overall ring voltage while maintaining a desired battery mean value.
- 2. (Original) The subscriber telephone system according to claim 1, wherein said diode limiter comprises a MOS transistor.
- 3. (Original) The subscriber telephone system according to claim 1, further comprising an external filter coupled to the tip and ring terminals and structured to extract a sinusoidal ringer signal.
- 4. (Original) A subscriber telephone circuit including a voltage shifting network coupled between an output driver and a ring terminal, the voltage shifting network comprising:
- a diode having a first terminal coupled to the output driver and a second terminal coupled to the ring terminal; and
- a capacitor having a first terminal coupled to the output driver and a second terminal coupled to the ring terminal.

5. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 4 further comprising:

a resistance coupled between the second terminal of the diode and a supplied voltage.

- 6. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 5 wherein the supplied voltage is a negative voltage.
- 7. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 5 further comprising a second diode coupled between the supplied voltage and the resistance.
- 8. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 4 wherein the diode is formed by an MOS transistor.
- 9. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 8 wherein the MOS transistor has a gate electrode coupled to a switch controller.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 8 wherein the MOS transistor if is PMOS.
- 11. (Original) A subscriber telephone circuit including a voltage shifting network, the subscriber telephone circuit comprising:
 - a first SLIC driver coupled to a ring terminal;
 - a second SLIC driver coupled to a tip terminal;
- a first ringing driver coupled to a first inductive-capacitive network and to the ring terminal; and
- a second ringing driver coupled to a second inductive-capacitive network and to the tip terminal.

- 12. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 11 wherein the first ringing driver is coupled through a first inductor to the ring terminal.
- 13. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 12 wherein the ring terminal is coupled through a capacitor to a ground reference voltage.
- 14. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 11 wherein the first ringing driver and the second ringing driver are structured to only be active during a ringing function, and are controlled by a level driver interface that is structured to receive a driving signal.
- 15. (Original) The subscriber telephone circuit of claim 14 wherein the driving signal is a pulse width modulation signal.
- 16. (Original) A method of minimizing an overall voltage during a ringing function of a subscriber telephone circuit provided with a mean battery voltage, the method comprising:

applying a tip signal to a tip terminal; applying a ring ringing signal to a first terminal of a network; attenuating the ring ringing signal through a capacitive network; and applying the attenuated ring ringing signal to a ring terminal.

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising:

 coupling the attenuated ring ringing signal through a resistive network to a negative battery voltage.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein attenuating the ring ringing signal through a capacitive network comprises modifying the ring ringing signal through an inductive-capacitive network.

19. (New) A method of minimizing an overall voltage during a ringing function of a subscriber telephone circuit provided with a mean battery voltage, the method comprising:

applying a tip signal to a tip terminal; applying a ring signal to a first terminal of a network; attenuating the ring signal through a capacitor;

applying the attenuated ring signal to a ring terminal; and

shorting the capacitor when receiving a positive bias at the ring terminal with respect to the tip terminal.

20. (New) The method of claim 19 further comprising: coupling the attenuated ring signal through a resistive network to a negative battery voltage.